

Hannibalī victorī cum ceterī circumfusī gratularentur suaderentque ut, tanto perfunctus bello, diei quod reliquum esset noctisque insequentis quietem et ipse sibi sumeret et fessis daret militibus, Maharbal praefectus equitum, minimē cessandum ratus, "immo ut quid hāc pugnā sit actum sciās, diē quintō" inquit, "victor in Capitoliō epulāberis. Sequere; cum equite, ut prius *tē* venisse quam venturum sciant, praecedam." Hannibalī nimis laeta res est visa maiorque quam ut eam statim capere animo posset. Itaque voluntātem sē laudāre Maharbalis ait; ad consilium pensandum temporis opus esse. Tum Maharbal: "non omnia nimirum eīdem dī dedēre. Vincere scis, Hannibal; victoriā utī nescis." Mora eius dieī satis creditur salutī fuisse urbī atque imperiō.

Posterō diē ubi primum inluxit, ad spolia legenda foedamque etiam hostibus spectandam stragem insistunt. Iacēbant tot Romanōrum milia, peditēs passim equitēsque, ut quem cuique fors aut pugna iunxerat aut fuga; adsurgentes quīdam ex strage mediā cruentī, quōs stricta matutinō frigore excitaverant vulnera, ab hoste oppressī sunt; quōsdam et iacentēs vivōs succis feminibus poplitibusque invenērunt nudantēs cervicem iugulumque et reliquum sanguinem iubentēs haurīre; inventī quīdam sunt mersīs in effossam terram capitibus quōs sibi ipsōs fecisse foveās obruentēsque ora superiectā humō interclusisse spiritum apparēbat. Praecipuē convertit omnēs subtractus Numida mortuō superincubanti Rōmānō vivus nasō auribusque laceratīs, cum manibus ad capiendum telum inutilibus, in rabiem irā versā laniandō dentibus hostem exspirāset.

Line 3: **minimē** = "in no way"

With **cessandum** sc. *esse*. **cessandum** is used impersonally.

Line 5: sc. *esse* after **ventūrum**

Line 6: **visa est** is copulative (a grammatical = sign)

Line 7: **ait** = *dixit*

Line 8: **dedēre** = **dedērunt**

sc. *dixit* with **Maharbal**

Line 10-11: repeat *ad* with **spectandam stragem**

Line 12: **quem cuique** = "one to another"

Line 17: **superiectā humō** - note the gender of *humus*, -i (f)

Line 17: **apparēbat** = it appeared (that) + acc. + infinitive

Line 17: **convertit omnes** - _____ caught the attention of all

Line 18: **Numidia** = a Numidian soldier (from N. Africa west of Carthage)

Vocabulary

ait, aiunt (defective verb) he said
appareo, apparere - to appear
gratulor, gratulari, gratulatus sum - to congratulate + dative
cesso (1) to cease, to stop, to rest
circumfundo, circumfundere, circumfudi, circumfusus - to pour around, to gather around
effodio, effodere, effodi, effossus - to dig, to dig out
epulor (1) to feast
excito (1) to stir, to excite, to rouse
haurio, haurire, hausī, haustus - to drain, drink in
exspiro (1) to die, to expire, to breath out
iaceo, iacere, iacui - to lie
insisto, insistere - to press on, to step foot upon
insequor, insequi, insecutus sum - to follow
intercludo, intercludere, interclusi - to block off
invenio (4) to find, to discover
lacerō (1) to cut (lacerate)
iubeō, iubēre, iussī, iussus - to order
lanio, laniare - to tear
luceo, lucere, luxi - to be light
mergo, mergere, mersi, mersus - to plunge, emerse
morior, morī, mortuus sum - to die
obruo, obruere - to cover, to hide
penso (1) to weigh; to think carefully about
perfungor, perfungī, perfunctus sum - to preform + ablative case
praecedo, praecedere, praecessi, praecessus - to precede, to go before
reor, reri, ratus sum - to think
scio (4) a) to know how + complementary infinitive; b) to know + acc. subjective + inf.
superincubo (1) to lie on top of
surgo, surgere, surrexi, surrectus - to rise
stringo, stringere, strinxi, strictus - to draw tight, to close
suadeo, suadere, suasi - to urge
subtraho, subtrahere, subtraxi, subtractus - to drag or pull under

sumo, sumere, sumpsi, sumptus - to take (consume, assume)
superiacio, superiacere, superieci, superiectus - to throw over
utor, utī, usus sum - to use, enjoy, employ + ablative case
verto, vertere, verti, versus - to turn
videor, videri, visus sum - to seem, to appear

animus, -i (m) mind, spirit, courage
cervix, cervicis (m) neck
dens, dentis (f) tooth
eques, equitis (m) cavalry
femen, feminis (n) femur
fovea, -ae (f) small pit
frigor, frigoris (n) cold
hostis, hostis (m) enemy
humus, humī (f) ground, earth
īra, īrae (f) anger
iugulum, -i (n) throat
mora, -ae (f) delay
opus, operis (n) work, task, labour; need
os, oris (n) mouth; face
poples, poplitis (m) knee, ham of the knee
quies, quietis (f) rest, response, cessation, quite, peace
rabies, rabiei (f) madness (rabid)
salūs, salūtis (f) health; salvation; safety
spiritus, -ūs (m) breath, breathing
stragēs, -is (f) destruction, overthrow
telum, -i (n) weapon
voluntas, voluntatis (f) desire, wish, will
vulnus, vulneris (n) wound

ceteri, -ae, -a (adj.) the remaining, the rest
cruentus, a, um - bloody
fessus, a, um - weary
foedus, a, um - vile, disgusting
inutilis, inutile - useless
matutinus, a, um - of the morning
mortuus, a, um - dead
Numidius, ,a um - Numidian, African
quidam, quaedam, quoddam - some, certain
reliquus, a, um - the rest, the remaining

vivus, a, um - alive, living

immo (participle) on the contrary, by no means

minimē (adv.) the least, not at all

nimis (adv.) too much

nimirum (adv.) without doubt

praecipuē (adv.) chief

prius...quam - earlier...than, before

statim (adv.) immediately

satis (indecl. noun.) enough